

Present perfect

1. Formation:

Person + _____ / _____ + _____

e.g.: I _____ friends with Sandra for five years (be).

2. have or has?

I _____ known She _____ watched They _____ stolen

You _____ met It _____ eaten

He _____ bought We _____ put

3. Past Participle:

Regular:

watch watched watcheded

walk walked _____

visit visited _____

Irregular:

bring brought brought

go went _____

sing sang _____

4. Negation:

Person + have / has + _____ + past participle (3rd form)

e.g.: I _____ friends with Sandra for five years. (be)

5. Question:

_____ / _____ + person + past participle (3rd form)

e.g.: _____ you _____ friends with Sandra for five years? (be)

6. Use

1.: Eine Situation/Handlung beginnt in der Vergangenheit und hält immer noch an:

e.g.: They _____ married for nearly 50 years. (be)

2: Ein vergangenes Ereignis, welches im gegenwärtigen Moment sehr wichtig ist:

e.g.: I can't get in the house. I _____ my keys. (lose)

3.: Erfahrungen bis zum heutigen Zeitpunkt:

e.g.: I _____ never _____ the American president. (meet)

4.: Bei folgenden Signalwörtern: _____, _____, _____, _____,
